electronic media, schools and local campaigns through voluntary organisations.

Highway accidents management policy

3088. SHRI AHMED PATEL: Will the Minister of SURFACE TRANSPORT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that information on Highway-wise accidents including the fatal ones is not collected and maintained by Government;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor; and

(c) on what basis Government propose to evolve Highway accident management policy to reduce such accidents?

THE MINISTER OF SURFACE TRANSPORT (SHRI T. G. VENKATRAMAN): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) It is not possible to collect accident data highway-wise since all the highways traverse through various States across the country. Some of the accidents occur on roads crossing the highways. State-wise accident data is always authentic.

(c)The Government has launched a research study for indentification of accident black spots on National Highways. Simultaneously, other measures have also been taken up. A National Highway patrolling scheme has been introduced under which financial assistance is provided to State Governments for accident relief measures. Besides, voluntary organisations are also actively involved in awareness campaign programmes towards Road Safety. An effort is being made to involve, automobile manufacturers towards Road Safety programmes.

Visit of US senator to Jammu and Kashmir

3089. DR. D. VENKATESHWAR RAO:
SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY:

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether a US senator visited Kashmir to assess the overall political situation;

(b) if so, whether the Indian Government permitted him to visit the State;

(c) whether the US senator after visiting Kashmir met the External Affairs Minister and had a discussion with him on the Kashmir issue; and

(d) details of talks held between US senator and External Affairs Minister?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI I.K. GUJRAL): (a) and (b) US Senator Hank Brown visited Kashmir on August 5-6, 1996. Kashmir is not a restricted area and any person who wishes to visit Kashmir can do so freely, without the need for specific permission of the Government.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Does not arise.

Command area development programme

3090. SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) the main features of the Centrally Sponsored Command Area Development Programme;

(b) the irrigation projects taken up under the programme and the estimate of irrigation potential-ex'pected to be developed out of them; and

(c) the progress achieved during the last five years?

THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI JANESHWAR MISHRA): (a) The Command Area Development Programme was initiated in 1974-75 as a Centrally Sponsored Scheme with the objective of ensuring efficient utilisation of created irrigation potential for optimum agricultural production from irrigated lands.

The activities covered under the CAD Programme are:

(1) On-farm development works:

(a) Development of field channels and field drains within the command of each outlet.

(b) Land levelling, on an outlet command basis.

(c) Realignment of field boundaries wherever necessary (where possible

consolidation of holdings should also be combined).

(d) Enforcement of a proper system of "Warabandi" and fair distribution of water to individual fields.

(e) Supply of all inputs and services, including credit, and

(0 Supply of all inputs and services, including credit, and

(2) Selection and introduction of suitable croping petterns.

(3) Development of ground water to supplement surface irrigation.

(4) Development and maintenance of the main and intermediate drainage system.

(5) Modernisation, maintanance and efficient operation of the irrigation system upto
the outlet of one cusec capacity.

(b) At present, the programme includes 197 projects with Culturable Command Area (CCA) of 21.57 million hectare and Ultimate Irrigation Potential (UIP) of 21.08 million hectare spread over 22 States and 2 Union Territories. A Statement indicating details of the projects covered under the programme, and showing the Ultimate Irrigation Potential expected to be developed out of each project is given in the ANNEXURE. *[See* Appendix 178, Annexure No. 74]

(c) The physical progress achieved during the last five years, 1990-91 to 1994-95 for the On-farm development activities under the Command Area Development Programme are as follows:—

Activity	Achievement during 1990-91 to 1994-95 (in Lakh Ha.)
Construction of Field Channel	20.68
Land Levelling & Land Shaping	1.49
Warabandi (Rotational Water Supply)	28.15
Construction of Field Drains	2.90

Cotton Purchases by Cotton Corporation of India

3091. SHRIMATI URMILABEN CHIMANBHAI PATEL: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) the total cotton purchased by the Cotton Corporation of India from various cotton growing States in the current year; and

(b) the total export of cotton by Cotton Corporation of India against the purchase during the past four years?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI R. L. JALAPPA): (a) Statewise purchases of cotton by CCI from various cotton growing States in the current year i.e. 1995-96 (Sep.-Aug.) have been as under:

States	(Ase *m* 19/8/96) Qty. Purchaseo
Punjab	1,22,388
Haryana	72,783
Rajasthan	1,22,958
Gujarat	2,31,730
Madhya Pradesh	2,23,653
Andhra Pradesh	2,11,291
Karnataka	23,715
Tamil Nadu	2,013
Others	5,424
TOTAL	10,15,955

(in bales of 170 Kg. each)

(b) Total export and Statewise purchase of cotton by CCI during the last four years as under:

Year	Qty. Purchased (in bales of 170 Kg. each)	Qty. Exported (in lakh 170 Kg. each)
1991-92	10,00,681	0.0176
1992-93	11,86,598	6.06
1993-94	7,76,351*	1.46
1994-95	8,43,315	0.085

(in lakh bales of 170 kg. each)

* Excludes 65,300 bales purchased from Maharashtra State Co. Op. Cotton Growers Mkt. Fed,, for production of Hank Yarn for distribution among Handloom weavers.